Audited Financial Information and Other Supplementary Material

Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine

June 30, 2017



Proven Expertise and Integrity

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JUNE 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Town Council Town of Old Orchard Beach Old Orchard Beach, Maine

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting polices used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension related information on pages 4 through 11 and 57 through 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

RHR Smith & Company

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2017, on our consideration of the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine

December 13, 2017

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine's financial statements.

Financial Statement Overview

The Town of Old Orchard Beach's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension-related schedules, and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Town's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the Town's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position – this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities – this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of town activities. The types of activities presented for the Town of Old Orchard Beach are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include general government, public works, sanitation, recreation, culture and agencies, education, health and welfare, other.
- Business-type activities These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. These activities for the Town of Old Orchard Beach include the Ballpark fund.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Old Orchard Beach, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Old Orchard Beach can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government—wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Town.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The Town of Old Orchard Beach presents two columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Town's major governmental fund is the general fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Nonmajor Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the Town legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The Town of Old Orchard Beach maintains one proprietary fund, the Ballpark fund. These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis below focuses on the net position, and changes in net position of the Town's governmental and business-type activities. The Town's total net position for governmental funds was \$17.56 million compared to \$16.74 million in the prior year, an increase of \$823,844. For the business-type activities total net position was \$200,276 as compared to \$217,316 in the prior year, a decrease of \$17,040.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was \$6.28 million at the end of this year for governmental activities and a deficit of \$21,237 for the business-type activities.

Table 1
Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine
Net Position
June 30,

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities
		2016		_
	2017	(Restated)	2017	2016
Assets:				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 12,179,900	\$ 11,537,083	\$ (21,237)	\$ (21,237)
Capital Assets	20,971,805	20,725,386	221,513	238,553
Total Assets	33,151,705	32,262,469	200,276	217,316
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,555,883	1,591,717		
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities	2,174,833	2,380,386	-	-
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	14,831,728	13,192,044	-	-
Total Liabilities	17,006,561	15,572,430		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,137,537	1,542,110		
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,813,392	10,668,609	221,513	238,553
Restricted	470,740	623,566	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	6,279,358	5,447,471	(21,237)	(21,237)
Total Net Position	\$ 17,563,490	\$ 16,739,646	\$ 200,276	\$ 217,316

Table 2
Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine
Change in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Davianuas				
Revenues				
Program Revenues:	Ф 4 040 440	Ф 4 004 04 7	ф	Φ
Charges for services	\$ 1,948,410	\$ 1,934,347	\$ -	\$ -
Operating grants and contributions	429,212	41,449	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	55,900	56,156	-	-
General Revenues:	00 007 000	25 040 025		
Taxes	26,207,096	25,049,925	-	-
Grants and contributions not restricted	C47.04F	COO 754		
to specific programs	647,915	628,754	-	-
Investment income	48,449	39,695	-	-
Miscellaneous	57,538	46,292		
Total Revenues	29,394,520	27,796,618		
Expenses				
General government	4,574,742	4,415,884	-	-
Public works	2,022,970	1,860,541	-	-
Sanitation	2,188,601	2,044,377	-	-
Public safety	5,312,889	4,751,466	-	-
Recreation, culture and agencies	1,081,193	1,147,396	-	_
Health and welfare	77,962	61,277	-	-
Education	11,871,271	11,341,558	-	-
County tax	933,175	906,712	-	_
Tax abatements/overlay	3,709	33,084	-	-
Program expenses	16,272	· -	-	-
Capital outlay	177,092	262,169	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	310,800	227,704	-	-
Enterprise funds	-	· -	17,040	17,039
Total Expenses	28,570,676	27,052,168	17,040	17,039
Change in Net Position	823,844	744,450	(17,040)	(17,039)
Net Position - July 1, Restated	16,739,646	15,995,196	217,316	234,355
Net Position - June 30	\$ 17,563,490	\$ 16,739,646	\$ 200,276	\$ 217,316

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities increased by \$1,597,902, while total expenses increased by \$1,518,508. The biggest increases in expenses were in public safety, education and capital outlay while the biggest increase in revenues was in tax revenue.

Expenses for the Town's proprietary funds were consistent, as the only item of expense was depreciation.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Town's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

	2017			2016
Major Funds:				
General Fund:				
Nonspendable	\$	74,052	\$	59,544
Assigned		550,000		550,000
Unassigned		6,035,970		5,172,555
Total Major Funds	\$	6,660,022	\$	5,782,099
		_		
Nonmajor Funds:				
Special revenue funds:				
Restricted	\$	18,037	\$	12,206
Committed		1,141,094		1,040,507
Unassigned		(17,631)		(9,085)
Capital projects funds:				
Restricted		452,703		611,360
Committed		1,744,212		1,474,695
Assigned		2,526		2,526
Unassigned		(159,144)		(4,275)
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	3,181,797	\$	3,127,934

The general fund total fund balance increased by \$877,923 from the prior fiscal year. The nonmajor funds total fund balances increased by \$53,863 from the prior fiscal

year. The general fund increased due to certain revenue categories being over budget. The increase in nonmajor funds was primarily due to charges for services.

Proprietary funds: The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The ballpark fund had an operating loss of \$17,040.

Budgetary Highlights

There were significant differences between the original and final budget for the general fund. These differences were budget adjustments done by the Town for special town meetings or adjustments between departments as well as use of assigned fund balance.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded budget by \$587,817. This was primarily due to greater than expected revenues received on taxes, licenses and permits and intergovernmental revenues.

The general fund actual expenditures were under the budget by \$1,119,,749. All expenditure categories finished within or were under budget with the exception of sanitation.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2017, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the Town increased by \$229,379. The increase was due to current year additions and depreciation expense. Refer to Note 4 of Notes to Financial Statements for additional information.

Table 4
Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
June 30,

		2017		2016
Land and improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure Construction in progress	\$	856,917 7,026,440 1,434,776 2,825,051 8,229,073 821,061	\$	873,957 6,847,344 1,407,203 2,582,820 8,431,554 821,061
Total	Ф	21,193,318	•	20,963,939
i Olai	Ψ	21,133,310	Ψ	20,303,333

Debt

At June 30, 2017, the Town had \$9.3 million in bonds outstanding versus \$9.7 million last year, a decrease of 4.0%. Other obligations include capital leases payable, accrued landfill costs, accrued vacation and sick time, net pension liability and accrued other post-employment benefits. Refer to Note 5 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town has steadily maintained a sufficient unassigned fund balance to sustain government operations for a period of approximately two months, while also maintaining significant reserve accounts for future capital and program needs.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Finance Department at 1 Portland Road, Old Orchard Beach, Maine 04064.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities			iness-type ctivities		Total
ASSETS	-					
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,474,342	\$	-	\$	7,474,342
Investments		2,893,699		-		2,893,699
Accounts receivable (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):						
Taxes		469,750		-		469,750
Tax liens		1,096,720		-		1,096,720
Other		150,100		-		150,100
Inventory		72,332		-		72,332
Prepaid items		1,720		(04.007)		1,720
Internal balances		21,237		(21,237)		10.450.000
Total current assets		12,179,900		(21,237)		12,158,663
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:						
Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, vehicles, machinery and equipment and		1,456,465		-		1,456,465
infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation		19,515,340		221,513		19,736,853
Total noncurrent assets		20,971,805		221,513		21,193,318
TOTAL ASSETS		33,151,705		200,276		33,351,981
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		2,555,883				2,555,883
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,555,883		-		2,555,883
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	35,707,588	\$	200,276	\$	35,907,864
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:	æ	227.000	æ		æ	227.000
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	237,968 9,563	\$	-	\$	237,968 9,563
Accrued expenses		261,849		_		261,849
Other liabilities		495,758		_		495,758
Current portion of long-term obligations		1,169,695		_		1,169,695
Total current liabilities		2,174,833		-		2,174,833
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:		0.007.000				0.007.000
Bonds payable Capital leases		8,397,380		-		8,397,380
Accrued landfill costs		597,338 66,000		-		597,338 66,000
Accrued compensated absences		1,130,588		_		1,130,588
Net pension liability		4,361,763		_		4,361,763
Other postemployment benefits liability		278,659		_		278,659
Total noncurrent liabilities		14,831,728	-	_		14,831,728
TOTAL LIABILITIES		17,006,561		_		17,006,561
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		1,137,537		_		1,137,537
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,137,537				1,137,537
		,,				,,
NET POSITION		10.010.000		224 542		14 024 025
Net investment in capital assets		10,813,392		221,513		11,034,905
Restricted		470,740 6 270 259		- (21 227)		470,740 6 259 121
Unrestricted (deficit) TOTAL NET POSITION		6,279,358 17,563,490		(21,237) 200,276		6,258,121 17,763,766
		17,000,400		200,210		17,700,700
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	_				_	
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	35,707,588	\$	200,276	\$	35,907,864

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Pı	nse) Revenue on the in Net Position	se) Revenue & Changes Net Position			
		•	Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants &	Grants &	Governmental	type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 4,574,742	\$ 371,701	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,203,041)	\$ -	\$ (4,203,041)
Public works	2,022,970	-	· -	55,900	(1,967,070)	-	(1,967,070)
Sanitation	2,188,601	204,191	-	-	(1,984,410)	-	(1,984,410)
Public safety	5,312,889	518,437	429,212	-	(4,365,240)	-	(4,365,240)
Recreation, culture and agencies	1,081,193	854,081	-	-	(227,112)	-	(227,112)
Health and welfare	77,962	-	-	-	(77,962)	-	(77,962)
Education	11,871,271	-	-	-	(11,871,271)	-	(11,871,271)
County tax	933,175	-	-	-	(933,175)	-	(933,175)
Tax abatements/overlay	3,709	-	-	-	(3,709)	-	(3,709)
Program expenses	16,272	-	-	-	(16,272)	-	(16,272)
Capital outlay	177,092	-	-	-	(177,092)	-	(177,092)
Interest on long-term debt	310,800	-	-	-	(310,800)	-	(310,800)
Total governmental activities	28,570,676	1,948,410	429,212	55,900	(26,137,154)		(26,137,154)
Business-type activities:							
Ballpark	17,040	-	-	-	-	(17,040)	(17,040)
Total business-type activities	17,040	-				(17,040)	(17,040)
Total government	\$ 28,587,716	\$ 1,948,410	\$ 429,212	\$ 55,900	(26,137,154)	(17,040)	(26,154,194)

STATEMENT B (CONTINUED) TOWN OF OLD ORCHARD BEACH, MAINE

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
	Activities	Activities	Total
Changes in net position:	(22.427.45.4)	(47.040)	(00.454.404)
Net (expense) revenue	(26,137,154)	(17,040)	(26,154,194)
General revenues: Taxes:			
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	24,532,820	-	24,532,820
Excise taxes	1,674,276	-	1,674,276
Grants and contributions not restricted to			
specific programs	647,915	-	647,915
Investment income	48,449	-	48,449
Miscellaneous	57,538	-	57,538
Total general revenues	26,960,998	-	26,960,998
Change in net position	823,844	(17,040)	806,804
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED	16,739,646	217,316	16,956,962
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 17,563,490	\$ 200,276	\$ 17,763,766

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

						Total
		General Nonmajor		G	overnmental	
		Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS			'			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,474,342	\$	-	\$	7,474,342
Investments		2,893,699		-		2,893,699
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes		469,750		-		469,750
Tax liens		1,096,720		-		1,096,720
Other		66,730		83,370		150,100
Inventory		72,332		-		72,332
Prepaid items		1,720		-		1,720
Due from other funds		196,524		3,353,504		3,550,028
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	12,271,817	\$	3,436,874	\$	15,708,691
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	158,178	\$	79,790	\$	237,968
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	,	199,322	·	-	,	199,322
Due to other governments		9,563		_		9,563
Other liabilities		495,758		_		495,758
Due to other funds		3,353,504		175,287		3,528,791
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,216,325		255,077		4,471,402
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue - property taxes		1,395,470		_		1,395,470
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,395,470		-		1,395,470
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		74,052		_		74,052
Restricted		,,,,,,		470,740		470,740
Committed		_		2,885,306		2,885,306
Assigned		550,000		2,526		552,526
Unassigned		6,035,970		(176,775)		5,859,195
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		6,660,022		3,181,797		9,841,819
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	12,271,817	\$	3,436,874	\$	15,708,691

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Total Governmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$ 9,841,819
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation	20,971,805
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures	
and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above: Taxes and liens receivable	1,395,470
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period	1,393,470
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above:	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,555,883
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and	_,,
therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds payable	(9,327,960)
Capital leases	(830,453)
Accrued interest	(62,527)
Accrued landfill expenses	(72,000)
Accrued compensated absences	(1,130,588)
Net pension liability	(4,361,763)
Other post employment benefits Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources.	(278,659)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	(1,137,537)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 17,563,490

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

DEVENUE	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	Ф 00 400 0E0	Φ.	Ф 00 400 0E0
Taxes	\$ 26,132,856	\$ -	\$ 26,132,856
Licenses and permits	1,013,177	40.050	1,013,177
Intergovernmental	1,092,769	40,258	1,133,027
Other charges for services	-	935,233	935,233
Investment income	48,449	-	48,449
Unclassified	20,151	37,387	57,538
TOTAL REVENUES	28,307,402	1,012,878	29,320,280
EXPENDITURES			
Current:	4 400 504	00.004	4 04 4 4 0 5
General government	4,183,561	30,604	4,214,165
Public works	1,442,199	-	1,442,199
Sanitation	1,743,000	-	1,743,000
Public safety	4,823,825	19,310	4,843,135
Recreation, culture and agencies	683,842	321,503	1,005,345
Health and welfare	77,962	-	77,962
Education	11,871,271	-	11,871,271
County tax	933,175	-	933,175 3,709
Tax abatements/ overlay	3,709	16,272	3,709 16,272
Program expenses Debt service:	-	10,272	10,272
Principal	788,590	_	788,590
Interest	296,857	_	296,857
Equipment replacement	252,652	_	252,652
Capital outlay	-	1,300,162	1,300,162
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,100,643	1,687,851	28,788,494
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	4 000 750	(074.070)	504 700
EXPENDITURES	1,206,759	(674,973)	531,786
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from long term debt	_	400,000	400,000
Transfers in	833,000	1,153,836	1,986,836
Transfers (out)	(1,161,836)	(825,000)	(1,986,836)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
(USES)	(328,836)	728,836	400,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	877,923	53,863	931,786
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	5,782,099	3,127,934	8,910,033
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 6,660,022	\$ 3,181,797	\$ 9,841,819

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 931,786
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset acquisitions Capital asset disposals (net) Depreciation expense	1,925,616 (59,668) (1,619,529) 246,419
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported. Taxes and liens receivable	74,240
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	964,166
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	(1,186,876)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	1,085,240
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	404,573
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued interest Accrued landfill costs	(13,943) 6,000
Accrued compensated absences	(46,927)
Net pension liability Other post employment benefits	(1,602,957) (37,877)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 823,844

BALANCE SHEET – PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Е	nterprise Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	
Total current assets		
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land improvements		992,050
Machinery and equipment		1,200
Less: accumulated depreciation		(771,737)
Net capital assets		221,513
Total noncurrent assets		221,513
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	221,513
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Current liabilities:		
Due to other funds	_\$	21,237
Total current liabilities		21,237
TOTAL LIABILITIES		21,237
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		221,513
Unrestricted		(21,237)
TOTAL NET POSITION		200,276
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	221,513

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$ - -
OPERATING EXPENSES Depreciation TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	17,040 17,040
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(17,040)
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE) Investment income Interest expense TOTAL NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)	- - - -
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(17,040)
NET POSITION - JULY 1	217,316
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 200,276

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Er	nterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Other receipts Payments to employees Payments to suppliers	\$	- - - -
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest payments on bond payable Payments for purchases of capital assets Principal payments on bond payable Proceeds from new bond		- - - -
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) and other financing	\$	(17,040)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation and expense		17,040
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town of Old Orchard Beach was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The Town operates under the council-manager form of government and provides the following services: general government services, town services and public safety, public works, health and welfare, community services, planning and development, insurance and employee benefits, waste management, education, and other.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The Town's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the Town. We have determined that the Town has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68". The objective of the Statement is to improve financial reporting by instituting a single framework for the presentation of information about pensions, thereby expanding the comparability of pension-related information reported by state and local governments. Management has determined that this Statement is not applicable.

Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans". The objective of the Statement is to improve the disclosure of information about benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in financial statements of state and local governments. This Statement will improve financial reporting through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information that will be presented by OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures". The objective of the Statement is to improve disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements, making these transactions more transparent to financial statement users. As such, users will be better equipped to understand (1) how tax abatements affect a government's future ability to raise resources and meet its financial obligations and (2) the impact those abatements have on a government's financial position and economic condition. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units". The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements". The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. Split-interest agreements are a type of giving agreement used by donors to provide resources to two or more beneficiaries, including governments. Split-interest agreements can be created through trusts or other legally enforceable agreements with characteristics that are equivalent to split-interest agreements - in which a donor transfers resources to an intermediary to hold and administer for the benefit of a government and at least one other beneficiary. Examples of these types of agreements include charitable lead trusts, charitable remainder trusts, and life-interests in real estate. As such, this Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues". The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Town's Ballpark fund is categorized as a business-type activity. All other activities of the Town are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements & Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Town:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

Major Funds

a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Nonmajor Funds

- Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- c. Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

2. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Non-operating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Town:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column, GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budget

The Town's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Early in the second half of the year the Town prepares a budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Town Council was called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the meeting was given.
- 3. The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the Town Council.
- 4. The Town does not adopt budgets for Special Revenue Funds.

Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the Town's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the Town's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. The Town Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Town of Old Orchard Beach adopted a formal investment policy on June 17, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost. Under the consumption method, the costs of inventory items are recognized as expenditures when used. In the general fund, inventory consists of vehicle fuel and trash bags.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$107,100 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2017.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals, and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. The Town has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years
Infrastructure 50 - 100 years
Machinery and equipment 3 - 50 years
Vehicles 3 - 25 years

Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable, capital leases payable, landfill closure costs, compensated absences, net pension liability and other post-employment benefits costs.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

The Town's policies regarding vacation and sick time do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation time. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2017, the Town's liability for compensated absences is \$1,130,588.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan and additions to/deductions from the PLD Consolidated Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PLD Consolidated Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has one type of item, deferred outflows related to pensions. This item is reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has only one type of item, deferred tax revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows related to pensions also qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred inflows related to pensions is only reported in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Town. The inhabitants of the Town through Town meetings and/or the Town Council are the highest level of decision-making authority of the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a Town meeting vote.

Assigned – This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Town Council and/or management.

Unassigned – This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The Town's property tax for the current year was levied August 12, 2016 on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2016, for all real and personal property located in the Town. Taxes were due in two installments on September 16, 2016 and March 16, 2017. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on September 17, 2016 and March 17, 2017 at 7% per annum.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay, and amounted to \$219,195 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

Program Revenues

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

Operating/Non-Operating Proprietary Fund Revenues

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Town utilizes encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

During the preparation of the Town's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits:

State statutes require that all investments made by the Town consider the safe and sound investment of principal and preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet day-to-day operations and other cash requirements and maximization of income, within established investment risk guidelines, with consistent cash flows throughout the budgetary cycle. These investment policies apply to all Town funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits. The Town does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the Town maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes.

At June 30, 2017, the Town's cash balance of \$7,466,135 was comprised of deposits amounting to \$7,770,388. Of this amount, none was exposed to custodial credit risk and was fully insured by federal depository insurance.

	Bank
Account Type	Balance
Checking accounts	\$ 462,145
Sweep accounts	1,514,980
ICS statement savings	5,785,275
Cash equivalents	7,988
	\$ 7,770,388

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

At June 30, 2017, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	1 - 5 Years	Over 5 Years
Certificates of deposit Debt securities	\$ 500,019 2,393,680	\$ - 2,393,680	\$ 500,019	\$ -
Debt securities	\$ 2,893,699	\$ 2,393,680	\$ 500,019	\$ -

The Town seeks to minimize custodial credit risk by doing business with authorized institutions, depositories and broker/dealers. As such, the Town's investments of \$2,393,680 were not exposed to custodial credit risk, as \$500,019 were fully insured by federal depository insurance and \$2,393,680 were registered in the Town's name and fully covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as June 30, 2017:

		Fair Value Measurements Using			
	June 30, 2017 Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level I)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level II)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level III)	
Investments by fair value level					
Debt securities:					
Corporate bonds	\$ 2,393,680	\$ -	\$ 2,393,680	\$ -	
Total debt securities	2,393,680		2,393,680		
Total investments by fair value level	2,393,680	\$ -	\$ 2,393,680	\$ -	
Cash equivalents measured at the net asset value (NAV)					
Money market mutual funds	7,988				
Total cash equivalents measured at the NAV	7,988				
Total investments and cash equivalents measured					
at fair value	\$ 2,401,668				

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued from publicly reliable sources or using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The Town has no Level 1 or 3 investments. The fair value of money market mutual funds that are measured at NAV per share (or its equivalent) is calculated as of June 30, 2017 in a manner consistent with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's measurement principles for investment companies. Certificates of deposit held with local financial institutions for \$500,019 are excluded from the hierarchy as these investments are considered held to maturity and are therefore not measured at fair value.

Credit risk – Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The Town does not have an investment policy on credit risk.

Interest rate risk – is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables _(Due from)	Payables (Due to)
General fund Special revenue fund Capital project fund Ballpark fund	\$ 196,524 1,078,522 2,274,982 - \$ 3,550,028	\$ 3,353,504 16,143 159,144 21,237 \$ 3,550,028

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance					Balance
	7/1/2016	Additions		Disposals		6/30/2017
Governmental activities:						
Non-depreciated assets:						
Land	\$ 635,404	\$ -	\$	-	\$	635,404
Construction in progress	 821,061	-		-		821,061
	1,456,465	-		-		1,456,465
Depreciated assets:	_					
Buildings and improvements	10,915,493	482,218		-		11,397,711
Furniture & fixtures	93,810	-		-		93,810
Machinery & equipment	4,167,909	270,033		-		4,437,942
Vehicles	6,801,061	774,604		(74,585)		7,501,080
Infrastructure	23,796,836	 398,761				24,195,597
	 45,775,109	1,925,616		(74,585)		47,626,140
Less: accumulated depreciation	(26,506,188)	(1,619,529)		14,917		(28,110,800)
	19,268,921	306,087		(59,668)		19,515,340
Net capital assets	\$ 20,725,386	\$ 306,087	\$	(59,668)	\$	20,971,805

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance 7/1/2016			Disposals	(Balance 6/30/2017
Business-type activities:						
Non-depreciated assets:						
Land	\$ 	\$		\$ -	\$	
	 <u>-</u>		-			
Depreciated assets:	000.050					000.050
Land improvements	992,050		-	-		992,050
Machinery & equipment	 1,200		-			1,200
	993,250		- (4 4-)	-		993,250
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (754,697)		(17,040)	<u> </u>		(771,737)
	238,553		(17,040)			221,513
Net capital assets	\$ 238,553	\$	(17,040)	\$ -	\$	221,513
Current year depreciation: Town hall					\$	41,555
Public safety					Ф	41,555 469,754
Public works						580,771
Transfer station						3,807
Library						75,448
Historical society						400
Comfort station						3,514
						444,280
Treatment plant						
Ballpark						1,619,529 17,040
Total depreciation expense					\$	1,636,569
i otal deprediation expense					φ	1,030,308

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance, 7/1/16 (Restated)	A	Additions	[Deletions	Balance, 6/30/17	C	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:								
Bonds payable	\$ 9,716,550	\$	400,000	\$	(788,590)	\$ 9,327,960	\$	930,580
Capital leases	340,227		786,876		(296,650)	830,453		233,115
Accrued landfill closure	78,000		-		(6,000)	72,000		6,000
Accrued compensated absences	1,083,661		46,927		-	1,130,588		-
Net pension liability	2,758,806		1,602,957		-	4,361,763		-
Other post-employment benefits	240,782		37,877		-	 278,659		-
Total governmental activities	\$ 14,204,471	\$	2,874,637	\$	(1,091,240)	\$ 16,001,423	\$	1,169,695

Payments under landfill closure costs have been made by the general fund. Accrued compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general and other governmental funds.

The following is a summary of outstanding governmental funds bonds payable:

Bonds Payable:	overnmental Activities
\$4,100,000, 2009 General Obligation Bond financed with Maine Municipal Bond Bank, due in varying annual principal installments. Interest varies from 2.165% to 5.575%. Maturity in November, 2028.	\$ 2,280,000
\$1,200,000, 2009 Sewer Revolving Loan Fund financed with Maine Municipal Bond Bank, due in annual principal installments of \$60,000. Interest is stated at 1.320% per annum. Maturity in November, 2028.	720,000
\$1,625,000, 2010 General Obligation Bond financed with Maine Municipal Bond Bank, due in annual principal installments of \$125,000. Interest varies from 4.470% to 5.750%. Maturity in November, 2030.	1,625,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

\$875,000, 2010 General Obligation Bond Fund financed with Maine Municipal Bond Bank, due in annual principal installments of \$125,000. Interest is stated at 2.060% to 5.560%. Maturity in November, 2017.	125,000
\$955,000, 2011 General Obligation Bond Fund financed with Maine Municipal Bond Bank, due in varying annual principal installments. Interest is stated at 0.501% to 3.400%. Maturity in November, 2018.	122,960
\$2,000,000, 2014 General Obligation Bond Fund financed with U.S. Bank, due in varying annual principal installments. Interest is stated at 2.000% to 3.500%. Maturity in September, 2027.	1,595,000
\$1,700,000, 2014, General Obligation Bond Fund financed with U.S. Bank, due in varying annual principal installments. Interest is stated at 2.000% to 3.000%. Maturity in September, 2023.	1,260,000
\$1,200,000, 2016, General Obligation Bond Fund financed with Maine Municipal Bond Bank, due in varying annual principal installments. Interest is stated at .250% to 2.754%. Maturity in May, 2029.	1,200,000
\$400,000, 2016, General Obligation Bond Fund financed with Maine Municipal Bond Bank, due in annual principal installments of \$40,000. Interest is stated at 1.16% to 2.13%. Maturity in November, 2026.	400,000
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 9,327,960

The following is a summary of outstanding bond principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

	Governmental Activities						
						Total	
		Principal		Interest	D	ebt Service	
2018	\$	930,580	\$	296,268	\$	1,226,848	
2019		937,380		274,304		1,211,684	
2020		875,000		254,290		1,129,290	
2021		880,000		229,835		1,109,835	
2022		880,000		201,169		1,081,169	
2023-2027		3,465,000		603,340		4,068,340	
2028-2032		1,360,000		89,144		1,449,144	
	\$	9,327,960	\$	1,948,350	\$	11,276,310	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of outstanding governmental capital leases payable:

Capital Leases Payable:

The Town leases a sidewalk machine under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a three year period expiring in September of 2018. Annual payments are \$19,470.	\$ 25,808
The Town leases IT virtual computer equipment under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a four year period expiring in April of 2018. Annual payments are \$19,756.	19,246
The Town leases a Freightliner passenger bus under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a four year period expiring in April of 2018. Annual payments are \$23,283.	22,660
The Town leases a 2016 Case Loader under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a six year period expiring in September of 2021. Annual payments are \$31,430.	143,818
The Town leases copiers under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a five year period expiring in August of 2017. Annual payments are \$10,791.	10,510
The Town leases an International Truck under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a seven year period expiring in February of 2022. Annual payments are \$26,309.	119,122
The Town leases a Fire Truck under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a seven year period expiring in December of 2022. Annual payments are \$57,769.	310,368
The Town leases a Truck under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a five year period expiring in January of 2021. Annual payments are \$20,072.	73,900
The Town leases Ford Air Pacs under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a three year period expiring in July of 2019 annual payments are \$36,700.	105,021
Total Capital Lease Payable	\$ 830,453

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of outstanding capital lease requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

2018	\$ 239,523
2019	185,693
2020	172,280
2021	135,579
2022	115,508
2023	 57,769
Total minimum lease payments	906,352
Less: Amount representing interest	 (75,899)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 830,453

All bonds payable and capital leases payable are direct obligations of the Town, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The Town is not obligated for any special assessment debt. All debt is payable from taxes levied on all taxable property within the Town.

NOTE 6 - OVERLAPPING DEBT

The Town is responsible for its proportionate share of debt for the Regional School Unit, County and Transit Committee it belongs to. As of June 30, 2017, the Town's share was as follows:

	Outstanding Debt	Town's Percentage	Total Share
RSU #23 County of York Transit Committee	\$ - 5,064,946 125,586	100.00% 4.33% 33.33%	\$ - 219,312 41,862 \$ 261,174

The Town's proportionate share of the County and School Unit debt is paid through annual assessments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

The Town has the following nonspendable fund balances at June 30, 2017:

General fund:

Inventory	\$ 72,332
Prepaid items	 1,720
	\$ 74,052

NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The Town has the following restricted fund balances at June 30, 2017:

Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule E)	\$ 18,037
Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule G)	452,703
	\$ 470,740

NOTE 9 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

The Town has the following committed fund balances at June 30, 2017:

Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule E)	\$ 1,141,094
Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule G)	1,744,212
	\$ 2,885,306

NOTE 10 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

The Town has the following assigned fund balances at June 30, 2017:

General fund:

Utilization of fund balance 2017 budget	\$ 550,000
Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule G)	 2,526
	\$ 552,526

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES

The Town is a member of the Biddeford - Old Orchard Beach - Saco Transit Committee. This was established in March of 1978. The purpose of the committee is to provide assistance to public mass transportation. The committee is authorized to enter into contracts and receive grants. The member towns pay an equal proportionate share of any needed funds in each budget year, after being approved by the majority of each Town Council. The Committee's fiscal year is January 1 through December 31. All property acquired and any related obligations will be allocated equally for each member Town.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town participates in a public entity risk pool sponsored by the Maine Municipal Association. The Maine Municipal Association Group Risk Pool is a state chartered pool established exclusively for Maine municipalities. The pool provides certain property, liability, fidelity and vehicle coverage. If the assets of the pool are at any time actuarially determined to be insufficient to enable the pool to discharge its legal obligations, other obligations, and actuarially sound reserves, the pool has the power to make up the deficiency by the levy of a prorated assessment. There have been no deficiencies during the past three years and management believes that no deficiency exists at June 30, 2017.

The Town is a member of the Maine Municipal Association – Property and Casualty Pool and pays an annual premium for its coverage. Under the property portion of the policy, coverage is provided after a per occurrence deductible is met. The limit of coverage for liability claims brought under the Maine Tort Claims Act is \$400,000 per occurrence. A \$2,000,000 limit of liability is provided for liability claims outside the Maine Tort Claims Act. There is no aggregate liability limit. Coverage for Public Officials Liability, including Employment Practices, is a part of the program. Coverage is on an occurrence basis, rather than a "claims made" form. A \$2,000,000 limit of liability is provided for all claims for Wrongful Acts seeking monetary damages pursuant to federal or state law for which the Maine Tort Claims Act does not provide immunity or limitations. Each member has a \$4,000,000 annual aggregate limit. An annual sublimit of \$100,000 per member applies for all back wages and/or future salary awards for employment related claims, subject to a \$5,000 retention and a 10% contribution by the member.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the Town is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2017. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

Town employees contribute to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (800) 451-9800.

Benefits Provided

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for employees of PLDs). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60 or 65. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by contract with PLD employers under applicable statutory provisions.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 5.0%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. The Town's police department employees hired before October 12, 1992 are part of the PLD's special plan "1C" and are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual salary, police department employees hired on or after October 12, 1992 are part of the PLD's special plan "3C" and are required to contribute 9.5% of their annual salary, fire department employees are part of the PLD's special plan "2C" and are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual salary, while all other employees are part of the PLD's plan "AC" and are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual salary. The Town is required to contribute 14.2% of special plan "1C" members' covered payroll, 11.4% of special plan "3C" members' covered payroll, 9.1% of special plan "2C" members' covered payroll and 9.5% of the plan "AC" members' covered payroll annually to the system along with a predetermined initial unpooled unfunded actuarial liability (IUUAL) rate set by the system. The contribution rates of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Maine Public Employee Retirement Systems advisory group.

The Town's contribution to the MainePERS PLD Consolidated Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$423,575.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a liability of \$4,361,763 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for the plan. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Town's proportion was 0.820913%, which was a decrease of 0.04379% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized total pension expense of \$688,719. At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	PLD Plan				
	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	52,874	\$	280,544	
Changes of assumptions	•	467,591		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,611,815		670,815	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		28		186,178	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		423,575			
Total	\$	2,555,883	\$	1,137,537	

\$423,575 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		PLD
		Plan
Plan year ended June 30:	' <u>'</u>	_
2017	\$	129,711
2018		112,079
2019		501,594
2020		251,387
2021		-
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits, and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which dampens the swing in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

Amortization

The net pension liability of the PLD Consolidated Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll using a method where a separate twenty-year closed period is established annually for the gain or loss for that year.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - For the PLD Plan, 6.875% per annum, compounded annually; 7.125% was used for the period ended June 30, 2015.

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation - Members of the consolidated plan for PLDs, 2.75% to 9.00% per year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - For participating local districts, the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used. For all recipients of disability benefits, the RP2014 Total Dataset Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used.

Cost of Living Benefit Increases – 2.20%; 2.55% was used for the period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table. Assets for the defined benefit plan are comingled for investment purposes.

	PLD Plan				
		Long-term			
	_	Expected			
	Target	Real Rate of			
Asset Class	Allocation	Return			
US equities	20%	5.7%			
Non-US equities	20%	5.5%			
Private equity	10%	7.6%			
Real assets:					
Real estate	10%	5.2%			
Infrastructure	10%	5.3%			
Hard assets	5%	5.0%			
Fixed income	25%	2.9%			

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.875% for 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table shows how the collective net pension liability/(asset) as of June 30, 2016 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.875% for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
PLD Plan: Discount rate	5.875%	6.875%	7.875%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,239,741	\$ 4,361,763	\$ 1,652,250

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net pension liability is equal to the collective net pension liability multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2016 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 with the following exceptions.

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. For 2016, this was 4 years for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used for the year ended June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. Please refer to the Actuarial Methods and Assumptions section for information relating to changes of assumptions. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortizationmethod over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town, in accordance with its current health insurance company agreement, provides optional health and other benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute the full cost of receiving benefits under the Town's medical benefits program.

Funding policy – The Town currently funds claims and administrative costs for postemployment benefits through its health insurance company or through current year expenditures.

The following is the census of Town benefit participants as of June 30, 2011 (the most recent period available):

Active members	73
Retirees and spouses	2
Total	75

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of future events. Assumptions include future employment, mortality, and healthcare and other benefit cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation (asset):

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

	2017	 2016	 2015	2014	 2013	2012
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627
Interest on net OPEB obligation	2,545	2,545	2,545	2,545	2,545	2,545
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (28,295)	(33,516)	(19,539)	 (18,446)	 (17,950)	(31,598)
Annual OPEB cost	 37,877	 32,656	 46,633	47,726	 48,222	34,574
Contributions made	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in net OPEB obligation	37,877	32,656	46,633	47,726	48,222	34,574
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	273,438	 240,782	 194,149	146,423	98,201	 63,627
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 311,315	\$ 273,438	\$ 240,782	\$ 194,149	\$ 146,423	\$ 98,201

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 through 2017 is presented below:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/12	\$ 34,574	\$ -	0.0%	\$ 98,201
6/30/13	48,222	-	0.0%	146,423
6/30/14	47,726	-	0.0%	194,149
6/30/15	46,633	-	0.0%	240,782
6/30/16	32,656	-	0.0%	273,438
6/30/17	37,877	-	0.0%	311,315

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

An annual healthcare cost blended trend rate of 7.6% is used initially, decreasing at a variable rate per year to an ultimate rate of 4.0% for 2029 and later. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 was 30 years. As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was approximately \$677,300, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of approximately \$677,300.

The required schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

These numbers are based on information that was presented on January 1, 2011 for June 30, 2011. The amortization method that was used to calculate the numbers is presented below.

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	2012
Discount rate Payroll growth assumption	4.00% N/A	4.00% N/A	4.00% N/A	4.00% N/A	4.00% N/A	4.00% N/A
Accrued liability Value of assets	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300
Unfunded liability	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300	\$ 677,300
Normal cost Amortization of unfunded Interest	\$ 24,729 37,662 1,236	\$ 24,729 37,662 1,236	\$ 24,729 37,662 1,236	\$ 24,729 37,662 1,236	\$ 24,729 37,662 1,236	\$ 24,729 37,662 1,236
Annual required contribution	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627	\$ 63,627

The Town, in accordance with its current life insurance company agreement, provides life insurance benefits to eligible retirees.

Funding policy – The Town currently funds claims and administrative costs for postemployment benefits through its life insurance company or through current year expenditures.

The current census of Town benefit participants as of June 30, 2017 was forty-one participants. Total expenditures for the years ended June 30, 2017, and 2016 were \$415,316, and \$385,062 respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 15 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following fund have deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2017:

Nonmajor funds:

Special revenue funds:

Ballpark restoration Memorial Day Parade

\$ 16,726
 905
\$ 17,631

NOTE 16 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following article exceeded budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Solid Waste		\$ 37,611
Total	<u> </u>	\$ 37,611

NOTE 17 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCARE COSTS

Under existing state law, Maine communities are required to close existing landfills under a state approved plan and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. The Town presently has two landfills that have been closed under an approved plan and one additional landfill whose closure was completed during fiscal year 1998. The only additional costs that remain are post-closure care costs on all three landfills. The estimated remaining post-closure care costs at June 30, 2017 are \$78,000, which would include two mowings of each site during the year and well monitoring. The amount has been accrued in the entity-wide financial statements and is being amortized over 30 years at \$6,000 per year, as it is not expected that any of these costs will be funded with current financial resources. The actual cost of post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, engineering estimates, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITTMENTS

The Town participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

During fiscal year 2016 the Town contracted for the construction of a Waste Water Process Building upgrade. The contract amounts including approved changes total \$1,220,700. As of June 30, 2017, \$159,144 had been spent excluding retainage and the remaining balance of the contract was \$1,061,556.

NOTE 19 - RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

The net position of the governmental activities has been restated at July 1, 2016 to correct the other post-employment benefits balance. Net position for governmental activities was restated by (\$13,555).

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information
- Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Healthcare Plan

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	d Am		Actual	Variance Positive	
	 Original		Final	Amounts	((Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 5,782,099	\$	5,782,099	\$ 5,782,099	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):						
Taxes	25,875,398		25,875,398	26,132,856		257,458
Licenses and permits	894,000		894,000	1,013,177		119,177
Intergovernmental	829,000		905,187	1,092,769		187,582
Unclassified	30,000		30,000	20,151		(9,849)
Interest earned	20,000		20,000	48,449		28,449
Transfers in	828,000		828,000	833,000		5,000
Amounts Available for Appropriation	34,258,497		34,334,684	34,922,501		587,817
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
General government	4,574,091		4,419,791	4,183,561		236,230
Public works	1,531,762		1,557,861	1,442,199		115,662
Sanitation	1,692,049		1,724,462	1,743,000		(18,538)
Public safety	4,738,200		5,008,244	4,823,825		184,419
Recreation, culture and agencies	727,968		746,347	683,842		62,505
Health and welfare	79,280		79,280	77,962		1,318
Education	11,871,521		11,871,521	11,871,271		250
County tax	933,204		933,204	933,175		29
Tax abatements/overlay	25,000		219,195	3,709		215,486
Debt service:	23,000		219,193	3,709		213,400
Principal	788,590		788,590	788,590		_
Interest	373,000		342,000	296,857		45,143
Equipment replacement	308,315		308,315	252,652		55,663
Transfers out	1,383,418		1,383,418	1,161,836		221,582
Total Charges to Appropriations	 29,026,398		29,382,228	28,262,479		1,119,749
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 5,232,099	\$	4,952,456	\$ 6,660,022	\$	1,707,566
Utilization of assigned fund balance	\$ -	\$	279,643	\$ -	\$	(279,643)
Utilization of unassigned fund balance	550,000		550,000			(550,000)
-	\$ 550,000	\$	829,643	\$ -	\$	(829,643)

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

DI D. Dion.	2017	2016	2015	2014	
PLD Plan:					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.82%	0.86%	0.89%	0.94%	
Proportionate share of the net pension		•			
liability	\$ 4,361,763	\$ 2,758,806	\$ 1,370,138	\$ 2,885,673	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,788,020	\$ 3,645,778	\$ 3,245,914	\$ 2,790,243	
Proportionate share of the net pension					
liability as a percentage of its covered-					
employee payroll	115.15%	75.67%	42.21%	103.42%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the					
total pension liability	81.61%	81.20%	94.10%	87.50%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30, and are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		2017		2016		2015		2014	
PLD Plan:									
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	423,575	\$	385,052	\$	353,460	\$	308,665	
required contribution		(423,575)		(385,052)		(353,460)		(308,665)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$	4,104,773	\$	3,788,020	\$	3,645,778	\$	3,245,914	
employee payroll		10.32%		10.16%		9.70%		9.51%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Changes of Assumptions

There was a change in the investment rate of return assumption this year from 7.125% to 6.875%. Annual salary increases, including inflation, changed from 3.50% - 9.50% to 2.75% - 9.00%, for the PLD Consolidated Plan. There was also a change in the cost of living benefit increase from 2.55% to 2.20%. Finally, the mortality rates for active members, nondisabled retirees and recipients of disability benefits, were determined using the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table and the RP2014 Total Dataset Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, compared to the RP2000 Tables projected forward and the Revenue Ruling 96-7 Disabled Mortality Table used in the prior year.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING FOR RETIREE HEALTHCARE PLAN FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actu Valu Ass (a	e of ets	<i>l</i> Lial	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) ntry Age (b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
6/30/12 6/30/13 6/30/14 6/30/15 6/30/16 6/30/17	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	- - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	677,300 677,300 677,300 677,300 677,300 677,300	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Schedule of Revenues Budget and Actual General Fund
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget Final		Variance Positive		
	Budget	Adjustments	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES		rajuotinonto	Baagot	Hotaai	(Negative)
General tax revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 24,162,398	\$ -	\$ 24,162,398	\$ 24,060,714	\$ (101,684)
Excise taxes	1,379,000	-	1,379,000	1,674,276	295,276
Franchise taxes	200,000	-	200,000	206,896	6,896
Interest and penalties	134,000	-	134,000	190,970	56,970
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Municipal revenue sharing	357,300	-	357,300	359,858	2,558
Homestead exemption	205,000	3,688	208,688	192,633	(16,055)
DOT block grant	56,000	-	56,000	55,900	(100)
BETE reimbursement	3,700	-	3,700	3,254	(446)
Health/welfare intergovernmental	35,000	-	35,000	40,391	5,391
Grant income	152,000	72,499	224,499	429,212	204,713
Other intergovernmental	20,000	-	20,000	11,521	(8,479)
Licenses, permits and fees:					
Parking meters	330,000	-	330,000	393,725	63,725
Parking fines/ordiance violations	126,000	-	126,000	160,981	34,981
Business licenses	185,000	-	185,000	178,194	(6,806)
Building, plumbing, electrical permits	146,000	-	146,000	141,263	(4,737)
Town agent fees	25,000	-	25,000	26,566	1,566
Town clerk fees	18,000	-	18,000	17,578	(422)
Trash bag/septic	32,000	-	32,000	45,773	13,773
Parking lot permits	15,000	-	15,000	28,825	13,825
Planner fee	9,000	-	9,000	12,172	3,172
Street opening permits	8,000	-	8,000	8,100	100
Investment income:					
Investment income	20,000	-	20,000	48,449	28,449
Unclassified:					
Sale of town owned property	30,000	-	30,000	20,151	(9,849)
Transfers from other funds					
Special revenue funds	828,000		828,000	833,000	5,000
Total revenues	\$ 28,476,398	\$ 76,187	\$ 28,552,585	\$ 29,140,402	\$ 587,817

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

General government Town council \$ 43,820 \$ - \$ 43,820 \$ 42,010 \$ 1,810 Administration 701,383 - 701,383 663,376 38,007 Tax collector 104,014 - 104,014 106,197 (2,183) Finance director/treasurer 179,449 - 179,449 161,775 17,674 Assessor 126,640 9,350 135,990 135,277 713 Town clerk 140,375 - 140,375 130,242 10,133 Elections 32,400 - 32,400 25,892 6,508 Planning 131,808 - 131,808 127,647 4,161 Code enforcement 201,942 - 201,942 199,812 2,130 Building maintenance 78,015 - 78,015 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 -		Original Budget		Budget Adjustments	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Administration 701,383 - 701,383 663,376 38,007 Tax collector 104,014 - 104,014 106,197 (2,183) Finance director/treasurer 179,449 - 179,449 161,775 17,674 Assessor 126,640 9,350 135,990 135,277 713 Town clerk 140,375 - 140,375 130,242 10,133 Elections 32,400 - 32,400 25,892 6,508 Planning 131,808 - 131,808 127,647 4,161 Code enforcement 201,942 - 201,942 199,812 2,130 Building maintenance 78,015 - 78,015 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390	_									
Tax collector 104,014 - 104,014 106,197 (2,183) Finance director/treasurer 179,449 - 179,449 161,775 17,674 Assessor 126,640 9,350 135,990 135,277 713 Town clerk 140,375 - 140,375 130,242 10,133 Elections 32,400 - 32,400 25,892 6,508 Planning 131,808 - 131,808 127,647 4,161 Code enforcement 201,942 - 201,942 199,812 2,130 Building maintenance 78,015 - 78,015 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 Public works - - 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,44	Town council	\$	43,820	\$ -	\$	43,820	\$	42,010	\$	1,810
Finance director/treasurer 179,449 - 179,449 161,775 17,674 Assessor 126,640 9,350 135,990 135,277 713 Town clerk 140,375 - 140,375 130,242 10,133 Elections 32,400 - 32,400 25,892 6,508 Planning 131,808 - 131,808 127,647 4,161 Code enforcement 201,942 - 201,942 199,812 2,130 Building maintenance 78,015 - 78,015 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 Public works - 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation - 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861	Administration		701,383	-		701,383		663,376		38,007
Assessor 126,640 9,350 135,990 135,277 713 Town clerk 140,375 - 140,375 130,242 10,133 Elections 32,400 - 32,400 25,892 6,508 Planning 131,808 - 131,808 127,647 4,161 Code enforcement 201,942 - 201,942 199,812 2,130 Building maintenance 78,015 - 78,015 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 Public works - 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation - 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)<	Tax collector		104,014	-		104,014		106,197		(2,183)
Town clerk 140,375 - 140,375 130,242 10,133 Elections 32,400 - 32,400 25,892 6,508 Planning 131,808 - 131,808 127,647 4,161 Code enforcement 201,942 - 201,942 199,812 2,130 Building maintenance 78,015 - 78,015 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 Public works	Finance director/treasurer		179,449	-		179,449		161,775		17,674
Elections 32,400 - 32,400 25,892 6,508 Planning 131,808 - 131,808 127,647 4,161 Code enforcement 201,942 - 201,942 199,812 2,130 Building maintenance 78,015 - 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 Public works - 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation - 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation - 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)	Assessor		126,640	9,350		135,990		135,277		713
Planning 131,808 - 131,808 127,647 4,161 Code enforcement 201,942 - 201,942 199,812 2,130 Building maintenance 78,015 - 78,015 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 Public works - - 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation - 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation - 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)	Town clerk		140,375	-		140,375		130,242		10,133
Code enforcement 201,942 - 201,942 199,812 2,130 Building maintenance 78,015 - 78,015 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 Public works 4,574,091 (154,300) 4,419,791 4,183,561 236,230 Public works 6 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation 1 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)	Elections		32,400	-		32,400		25,892		6,508
Building maintenance 78,015 - 78,015 76,889 1,126 Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 Public works 4,574,091 (154,300) 4,419,791 4,183,561 236,230 Public works 5,400 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)	Planning		131,808	-		131,808		127,647		4,161
Planning, zoning, registration boards 5,400 - 5,400 4,339 1,061 Contingency 170,000 (54,300) 115,700 - 115,700 Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 Public works 4,574,091 (154,300) 4,419,791 4,183,561 236,230 Public works 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)	Code enforcement		201,942	-		201,942		199,812		2,130
Contingency Insurance 170,000 (54,300) (54,300) (115,700 (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700) (115,700)	Building maintenance		78,015	-		78,015		76,889		1,126
Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390	Planning, zoning, registration boards		5,400	-		5,400		4,339		1,061
Insurance 2,658,845 (109,350) 2,549,495 2,510,105 39,390 4,574,091 (154,300) 4,419,791 4,183,561 236,230 Public works General 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation Treatment plant 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)	Contingency		170,000	(54,300)		115,700		-		115,700
Public works General 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation Treatment plant 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)			2,658,845	(109,350)		2,549,495		2,510,105		39,390
General 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Sanitation Treatment plant Solid waste 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)			4,574,091	(154,300)		4,419,791		4,183,561		236,230
Sanitation 1,531,762 26,099 1,557,861 1,442,199 115,662 Treatment plant 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)	Public works									
Sanitation Treatment plant 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)	General		1,531,762	26,099		1,557,861		1,442,199		115,662
Treatment plant 1,075,049 32,413 1,107,462 1,088,389 19,073 Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)			1,531,762	26,099		1,557,861		1,442,199		115,662
Solid waste 617,000 - 617,000 654,611 (37,611)	Sanitation									
	Treatment plant		1,075,049	32,413		1,107,462		1,088,389		19,073
1,692,049 32,413 1,724,462 1,743,000 (18,538)	Solid waste		617,000			617,000		654,611		(37,611)
			1,692,049	32,413		1,724,462		1,743,000		(18,538)

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Public safety					
Police department	2,468,895	139,142	2,608,037	2,549,155	58,882
Parking Enforcement	90,350	139,142	90,350	80,558	9,792
	·	140 122	·	•	•
Fire/rescue department	1,773,955	140,122	1,914,077	1,828,892	85,185
Street lights and traffic light expense	255,000	-	255,000	239,807	15,193
Lifeguards	150,000	(9,220)	140,780	125,413	15,367
	4,738,200	270,044	5,008,244	4,823,825	184,419
Recreation, culture and agencies					
Recreation	220,169	-	220,169	208,344	11,825
Libby Memorial Library	279,033	-	279,033	279,033	-
Transit District subsidy	125,000	-	125,000	125,000	-
Service agencies	12,500	-	12,500	12,500	-
Historical society	15,976	-	15,976	15,474	502
Parks maintenance expense	62,050	18,379	80,429	39,371	41,058
Conservation commission	13,240	· -	13,240	4,120	9,120
	727,968	18,379	746,347	683,842	62,505
Health and welfare	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	· ·	,
General assistance	79,280	-	79,280	77,962	1,318
	79,280	_	79,280	77,962	1,318

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Education	11,871,521		11,871,521	11,871,271	250
County tax	933,204		933,204	933,175	29
Tax abatements/overlay	25,000	194,195	219,195	3,709	215,486
Debt service					
Equipment replacement	308,315	-	308,315	252,652	55,663
Principal	788,590	-	788,590	788,590	-
Interest	373,000	(31,000)	342,000	296,857	45,143
	1,469,905	(31,000)	1,438,905	1,338,099	100,806
Transfers out					_
Special revenue funds	8,000	-	8,000	8,000	-
Capital projects funds	1,375,418		1,375,418	1,153,836	221,582
	1,383,418		1,383,418	1,161,836	221,582
Total	\$ 29,026,398	\$ 355,830	\$ 29,382,228	\$ 28,262,479	\$ 1,119,749

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	_	\$	_
Accounts receivable (net of	Ψ	92 270	•		Ψ	92 270
allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other funds		83,370 1,078,522		- 2,274,982		83,370 3,353,504
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,161,892	\$	2,274,982	\$	3,436,874
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	4,249	\$	75,541	\$	79,790
Due to other funds		16,143		159,144		175,287
TOTAL LIABILITIES		20,392		234,685		255,077
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		18,037		452,703		470,740
Committed		1,141,094		1,744,212		2,885,306
Assigned		-		2,526		2,526
Unassigned		(17,631)		(159,144)		(176,775)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,141,500		2,040,297		3,181,797
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND						
BALANCES	\$	1,161,892	\$	2,274,982	\$	3,436,874

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Other income TOTAL REVENUES	\$	40,258 935,233 37,387 1,012,878	\$	- - - -	\$	40,258 935,233 37,387 1,012,878
EXPENDITURES Administration Public safety Recreation, culture and agencies Program expenses Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		30,604 19,310 321,503 - 18,589 390,006		- - 16,272 1,281,573 1,297,845		30,604 19,310 321,503 16,272 1,300,162 1,687,851
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		622,872		(1,297,845)		(674,973)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from long term debt Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(525,000) (525,000)		400,000 1,153,836 (300,000) 1,253,836		400,000 1,153,836 (825,000) 728,836
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		97,872		(44,009)		53,863
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1		1,043,628		2,084,306		3,127,934
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	1,141,500	\$	2,040,297	\$	3,181,797

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	 Rescue Fees	ecreation rograms	 Special Dog	 Police Grants	Sewer Special Revenue	nithwheel Impact Fees
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	82,415	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 133,458 215,873	\$ 73,058 73,058	\$ 9,011 9,011	\$ 2,493 2,493	\$ 818,881 818,881	\$ 527 527
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ - -	\$ 1,442	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,442	-	-	-	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable	_	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted Committed	- 215,873	- 71,616	- 9,011	2,493	- 818,881	527
Assigned	-	7 1,010	9,011	-	-	-
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	215,873	 71,616	9,011	2,493	818,881	 527
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 215,873	\$ 73,058	\$ 9,011	\$ 2,493	\$ 818,881	\$ 527

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	nservation Tree Grant	lemorial Park rovements	В	CDBG Jusiness Jade Grant	Ballpark estoration	useum ne Street		morial Parade
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of allowance for	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
uncollectibles)	-	-		- -	955	- 2700		-
Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 11,673 11,673	\$ 11,119 11,119	\$	545 545	\$ 955	\$ 2,799 2,799	\$	-
	 	 				 	·	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 364	\$	-	\$ 2,443	\$ -	\$	-
Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>-</u>	364			15,238 17,681	<u>-</u>		905 905
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Nonspendable	-	-			-	-		-
Restricted	11,673	40.755		545	-	2,799		-
Committed	-	10,755		-	-	-		-
Assigned Unassigned	-	-		-	(16,726)	_		(905)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 11,673	 10,755		545	(16,726)	 2,799		(905)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND	 	 			 			<u></u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 11,673	\$ 11,119	\$	545	\$ 955	\$ 2,799	\$	_

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		mmunity Sarden	Me	eterans emorial nument	eneral sistance		anopy Grant		ines at n Park		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		-	-		-		-		83,370
Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS		3,255 3,255		2,086 2,086	 1,863 1,863		7,754 7,754				1,078,522 1,161,892
TOTAL ASSETS		3,200		2,000	1,003		7,754				1,101,092
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,249
Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES				<u> </u>	<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		16,143 20,392
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)											
Nonspendable		-		-	-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-	-		-		-		18,037
Committed		3,255		2,086	1,863		7,754		-		1,141,094
Assigned		-		-	-		-		-		- (17,631)
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		3,255		2,086	 1,863	-	7,754				1,141,500
	•	0,200		2,000	1,000		7,704	•		-	.,,
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND											
BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	3,255	\$	2,086	\$ 1,863	\$	7,754	\$	-	\$	1,161,892

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Rescue Fees		ecreation Programs		Special Dog		Police Grants		Sewer Special Revenue	lm	nwheel pact ees
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,900	\$	_	\$	_
Charges for services	Ψ	518,437	Ψ	211,578	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	117,421	Ψ	_
Other income		-		835		19,098		33		-		-
TOTAL REVENUES		518,437		212,413		19,098		1,933		117,421		_
EXPENDITURES												
Administration		-		_		_		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		19,310		-		-		-
Recreation, culture and agencies		-		208,131		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay				-		-				18,589		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES				208,131		19,310				18,589		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)												
EXPENDITURES		518,437		4,282		(212)		1,933		98,832		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers (out)		(525,000)		-		-		-				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(525,000)										-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(6,563)		4,282		(212)		1,933		98,832		-
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1		222,436		67,334		9,223		560		720,049		527
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30	\$	215,873	\$	71,616	\$	9,011	\$	2,493	\$	818,881	\$	527

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Conservat Tree Grant		Memorial Park nprovements	CDBG Business Facade Grant	Ballpark Restoration	Museum In the Street	Memorial Day Parade
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Other income TOTAL REVENUES		- \$ - 250 250	9,000 9,000	\$ - - -	\$ - 87,797 - 87,797	2,799	\$ - - 2,000 2,000
EXPENDITURES Administration Public safety Recreation, culture and agencies Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		- - 151 - -	- 14,564 - 14,564	- - - -	95,472 - 95,472	- - - -	2,871 - 2,871 - 2,871
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES)99	(5,564)	<u>-</u>	(7,675	_	(871)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,)99	(5,564)	-	(7,675) 2,799	(871)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	10,	574	16,319	545	(9,051		(34)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30	\$ 11,	673 \$	10,755	\$ 545	\$ (16,726) \$ 2,799	\$ (905)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

DEVENILEO	Community Garden	Veterans Memorial Monument	General Assistance	Canopy Grant	TIF Pines at Ocean Park	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,754	\$ 30,604	\$ 40,258 935,233
Other income TOTAL REVENUES	1,125 1,125	897 897	350 350	7,754	30,604	37,387 1,012,878
EXPENDITURES		-				
Administration Public safety	-	-	-	-	30,604	30,604 19,310
Recreation, culture and agencies	314	-	-	-	-	321,503
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	314				30,604	18,589 390,006
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	811	897	350	7,754		622,872
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	-	_	_	-	-	-
Transfers (out)		-				(525,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-		·		· 	(525,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	811	897	350	7,754	-	97,872
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	2,444	1,189	1,513			1,043,628
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30	\$ 3,255	\$ 2,086	\$ 1,863	\$ 7,754	\$ -	\$ 1,141,500

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust fund.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	andfill losure	ww	2018 Bond VT Process	St	West Grand ormwater	Summit Street Sewer	Y 2016 Bond der Truck	Y 2017 Bond T Storage	Library cpansion
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,526 2,526	\$	- - -	\$	343,149 343,149	\$ - - -	\$ 5,282 5,282	\$ 28,793 28,793	\$ 109,773 109,773
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ - - -	\$	159,144 159,144	\$	34,294	\$ - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	2,526 - 2,526		- - - (159,144) (159,144)		308,855	- - - - -	5,282 - - - - 5,282	28,793 - - - 28,793	109,773 - - - 109,773
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 2,526	\$	-	\$	343,149	\$ -	\$ 5,282	\$ 28,793	\$ 109,773

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Halfway Roundabo		 CIP Public Works	Adm	CIP ninistration	CIP Public Safety	Wa	CIP astewater	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	- - -	\$ 1,607,586 1,607,586	\$	84,276 84,276	\$ 28,507 28,507	\$	65,090 65,090	\$ 2,274,982 2,274,982
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- - -	\$ 38,788	\$	119 - 119	\$ 2,340	\$	- - -	\$ 75,541 159,144 234,685
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		- - - -	1,568,798 - - 1,568,798		84,157 - - - 84,157	 26,167 - 26,167		65,090 - 65,090	452,703 1,744,212 2,526 (159,144) 2,040,297
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$		\$ 1,607,586	\$	84,276	\$ 28,507	\$	65,090	\$ 2,274,982

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		andfill Iosure	WV	2018 Bond VT Process	St	West Grand ormwater	Summit Street Sewer	Y 2016 Bond Ider Truck	FY 2017 Bond VT Storage		Library cpansion
REVENUES	_						_			_	
Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Other income		_		_		-	-	_	_		-
TOTAL REVENUES		-		-			 -	-	-		-
EVENDITUES		_						_			
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		_		147,166		_	_	_	198,728		67,632
Program expenses		-		-		-	-	-	190,720		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES				147,166		-	-		198,728		67,632
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				(147,166)					(198,728)		(67 622)
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES				(147,100)			 	 	 (190,720)		(67,632)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Proceeds from long term debt		-		-		-	-	-	400,000		-
Transfers in Transfers (out)		-		-		- (119,810)	(180,190)	-	-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						(119,810)	 (180,190)	 	 400,000		
						(****)	 (100,100)		,		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		-		(147,166)		(119,810)	(180,190)	-	201,272		(67,632)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1		2,526		(11,978)		428,665	180,190	5,282	 (172,479)		177,405
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$	2,526	\$	(159,144)	\$	308,855	\$ -	\$ 5,282	\$ 28,793	\$	109,773

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Halfway Roundabout	CIP Public Works	CIP Administration	CIP Public Safety	CIP Wastewater	Total
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services Other income	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES						<u>-</u>
TOTAL REVENUES						
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	-	561,280	-	253,959	52,808	1,281,573
Program expenses			16,272			16,272
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	561,280	16,272	253,959	52,808	1,297,845
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	(561,280)	(16,272)	(253,959)	(52,808)	(1,297,845)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	400,000
Transfers in	-	851,000	55,000	202,836	45,000	1,153,836
Transfers (out)		851,000	55,000	202,836	45,000	(300,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		651,000	55,000	202,030	45,000	1,253,836
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	-	289,720	38,728	(51,123)	(7,808)	(44,009)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1		1,279,078	45,429	77,290	72,898	2,084,306
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ -	\$ 1,568,798	\$ 84,157	\$ 26,167	\$ 65,090	\$ 2,040,297

General Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2017

		1 1		D. 31.P		Furniture,			
		and and	D:1-1:	Buildings,		Fixtures,			
	INON	-depreciable		ng Improvements		Equipment	lofro otru otu ro		Total
		Assets	<u> & Lan</u>	d Improvements		& Vehicles	<u>Infrastructure</u>		Total
Town hall	\$	191,910	\$	1,149,799	\$	403,208	\$ -	\$	1,744,917
Public safety		146,817		2,918,502		5,708,583	-		8,773,902
Public works		62,217		1,331,990		3,452,160	12,264,753		17,111,120
Transfer station		152,275		152,274		-	-		304,549
Comfort station		26,708		140,569		-	-		167,277
Animal control		-		826		-	-		826
Train platform		-		306,853		-	-		306,853
Tidal gates		-		54,394		-	-		54,394
Ballpark		-		992,050		1,200	-		993,250
Library		-		1,696,447		93,810	-		1,790,257
Historical society		-		10,000		-	-		10,000
Treatment plant		876,538		3,636,057		2,375,071	11,930,844		18,818,510
		_		_		_			
Total General Capital Assets		1,456,465		12,389,761		12,034,032	24,195,597		50,075,855
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				(5,141,808)		(7,774,205)	(15,966,524)		(28,882,537)
			_		_			_	
Net General Capital Assets	\$	1,456,465	\$	7,247,953	<u>\$</u>	4,259,827	\$ 8,229,073	\$	21,193,318

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	C	eneral apital				General Capital
		ssets	A dditions	D	alationa	Assets
		/1/16	 Additions		eletions	 6/30/17
Town hall	\$ 1	,744,917	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,744,917
Public safety	8	,146,742	627,160		-	8,773,902
Public works	16	,353,583	832,122		(74,585)	17,111,120
Transfer station		304,549	-		-	304,549
Comfort station		167,277	-		-	167,277
Animal control		826	-		-	826
Train platform		306,853	-		-	306,853
Tidal gates		54,394	-		-	54,394
Ballpark		993,250	-		-	993,250
Library	1	,722,625	67,632		-	1,790,257
Historical society		10,000	-		-	10,000
Treatment plant	18	,419,808	 398,702		-	18,818,510
			 _			
Total General Capital Assets	48	,224,824	1,925,616		(74,585)	50,075,855
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(27	,260,885)	 (1,636,569)		14,917	(28,882,537)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 20	,963,939	\$ 289,047	\$	(59,668)	\$ 21,193,318

REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND – GAAP BASIS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 17,749,257	\$ 18,682,705	\$19,102,512	\$ 19,799,945	\$ 19,855,105	\$ 20,035,807	\$20,646,069	\$ 22,407,751	\$24,162,398	\$24,060,714
Other taxes	1,691,863	1,687,245	1,600,567	1,612,199	1,556,265	1,672,781	1,760,752	1,885,245	1,713,000	2,072,142
Licenses and permits	940,062	963,141	1,165,597	920,275	959,908	868,970	871,142	888,279	894,000	1,013,177
Intergovernmental revenues	2,210,043	1,486,209	843,641	835,118	846,777	818,032	668,856	581,289	829,000	1,092,769
Investment income	352,740	150,912	104,417	20,662	7,097	11,889	18,634	41,675	20,000	48,449
Other revenues	134,061	354,015	38,687	50,654	471,893	280,210	26,128	143,022	30,000	20,151
Total revenues	23,078,026	23,324,227	22,855,421	23,238,853	23,697,045	23,687,689	23,991,581	25,947,261	27,648,398	28,307,402
Expenditures:										
General government	1,913,524	1,851,871	2,021,057	1,964,273	2,080,171	2,118,590	3,702,730	3,992,765	4,574,091	4,183,561
Public works	1,618,224	1,696,363	1,547,039	1,455,600	1,531,962	1,691,255	1,423,516	1,451,379	1,531,762	1,442,199
Sanitation	1,542,780	1,644,676	1,661,658	1,707,176	1,704,040	1,702,547	1,526,315	1,584,908	1,692,049	1,743,000
Public safety	4,178,862	4,429,964	4,439,462	4,528,474	4,781,266	4,817,067	4,045,878	4,362,626	4,738,200	4,823,825
Recreation, culture and agencies	505,462	686,550	642,190	625,376	750,599	692,975	681,016	655,844	727,968	683,842
Health and welfare	74,298	101,475	107,822	106,693	103,328	64,810	69,483	71,013	79,280	77,962
Education	9,632,841	9,973,975	9,561,944	9,399,388	8,451,151	9,070,942	9,470,881	11,162,780	11,871,521	11,871,271
Debt service (excluding education)	1,521,034	1,726,929	2,127,481	2,154,389	3,212,770	1,532,701	1,119,688	1,205,829	1,469,905	1,338,099
Capital outlay	1,914,839	1,228,471	1,147,808	1,218,334	968,066	6,180	-	202,349	-	· · · · · -
Other	646,342	789,444	804,360	803,521	820,827	851,764	913,327	914,674	958,204	936,884
Total expenditures	23,548,206	24,129,718	24,060,821	23,963,224	24,404,180	22,548,831	22,952,834	25,604,167	27,642,980	27,100,643
Other financing sources	459,334	434,334	328,000	522,000	1,203,000	253,000	463,000	1,089,349	828,000	833,000
Other financing (uses)	(74,180)	(88,620)		(25,000)	(34,907)	(1,689,082)	(1,206,431)	(1,214,008)	(1,383,418)	(1,161,836)
Net change in fund balances	(85,026)	(459,777)	(877,400)	(227,371)	460,958	(297,224)	295,316	218,435	(550,000)	877,923
Special item - transfer to RSU #23	-	-	110,720	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund balances - beginning, restated	6,487,735	6,402,709	5,942,932	5,176,252	4,948,881	5,409,839	4,559,004	4,883,651	4,986,048	4,986,048
Fund balances - ending	\$ 6,402,709	\$ 5,942,932	\$ 5,176,252	\$ 4,948,881	\$ 5,409,839	\$ 5,112,615	\$ 4,854,320	\$ 5,102,086	\$ 4,436,048	\$ 5,863,971

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Current	Current	Prior Year's		Total Current Year	Total Collections		Percent of
	Year's	Year's Tax	Collection to	Total	Collections as Percent	as Percent of	Total	Delinquent Taxes
	Tax Levy	Collections	June 30	Collections	Of Each Year's Levy	Each Year's Levy	Outstanding	And Liens to Levy
Years Ended								_
2000	Ф 40 440 20 7	Φ 47 E0E 0E0	¢ 204.074	Ф 47 00C 004	00.00	00.70	¢ 4 007 400	0.00
2008	\$ 18,118,387	\$ 17,505,853	\$ 391,071	\$ 17,896,924	96.62	98.78	\$ 1,237,496	6.83
2009	18,959,656	18,453,482	338,884	18,792,366	97.33	99.12	1,188,126	6.27
2010	19,151,900	18,452,763	375,569	18,828,332	96.35	98.31	1,511,694	7.89
2011	19,987,575	19,277,170	593,827	19,870,997	96.45	99.42	1,628,272	8.15
2012	19,855,105	19,138,213	577,625	19,715,838	96.39	99.30	1,767,539	8.90
2013	19,912,599	19,328,189	557,838	19,886,027	97.07	99.87	1,655,020	8.31
2014	20,624,523	20,036,111	664,806	20,700,917	97.15	100.37	1,578,626	7.65
2015	22,471,605	21,894,481	502,738	22,397,219	97.43	99.67	577,124	2.57
2016	23,144,351	22,552,544	568,990	23,121,534	97.44	99.90	591,807	2.56
2017	24,162,398	23,668,350	558,846	24,227,196	97.96	100.27	494,048	2.04

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Assessed Value - Real Estate		Per	Assessed Total Value - Assessed ersonal Property Value		Estimated Actual Valuation	Ratio	State Equalized Valuation	Ratio
Years Ended								
2008	\$ 1,418,164,600	\$	23,691,240	\$ 1,441,855,840	\$ 1,441,855,840	100.0	\$ 1,565,250,000	92.12
2009	1,439,858,170		25,294,968	1,465,153,138	1,465,153,138	100.0	1,575,350,000	93.00
2010	1,452,628,540		25,890,720	1,478,519,260	1,478,519,260	104.0	1,533,750,000	96.40
2011	1,465,055,000		26,354,500	1,491,409,500	1,491,409,500	101.9	1,531,150,000	97.40
2012	1,462,394,400		25,894,370	1,488,288,770	1,488,288,770	100.0	1,508,700,000	98.65
2013	1,456,932,300		24,658,400	1,481,590,700	1,481,590,700	100.0	1,457,100,000	101.68
2014	1,469,603,400		24,927,250	1,494,530,650	1,494,530,650	100.0	1,455,600,000	102.67
2015	1,483,197,090		27,051,400	1,510,248,490	1,510,248,490	100.0	1,494,200,000	101.07
2016	1,497,609,370		27,051,400	1,524,660,770	1,524,660,770	100.0	1,554,450,000	98.08
2017	1,531,444,770		31,453,520	1,562,897,690	1,562,897,690	100.0	1,611,300,000	97.00

NOTE: The Town did a revaluation that became effective in 2006.

PROPERTY TAX RATED – ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Town	County	School	Water Quality Control	Total
Years Ended					
2008	\$ 4.73	\$ 0.43	\$ 5.94	1.46	\$ 12.56
2009	4.85	0.40	6.40	1.29	12.94
2010	4.45	0.51	6.76	1.22	12.94
2011	5.10	0.52	6.24	1.54	13.40
2012	5.70	0.53	5.63	1.54	13.40
2013	5.24	0.54	6.18	1.48	13.44
2014	5.81	0.60	6.34	1.05	13.80
2015	5.95	0.59	7.29	1.05	14.88
2016	5.83	0.60	7.44	1.31	15.18
2017	6.16	0.60	7.60	1.10	15.46

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND GENERAL BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Estimated Population	Assessed Gross Value Bonded (in thousands) Debt *		Ratio of Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt Per Capita		Estimated Average Population **	Gross Bonded Debt Per Estimated Average Population		
Years Ended										
2008	8,800	\$ 1,441,856	\$	8,280,000	0.57	\$	941	25,467	\$	325
2009	8,800	1,465,153		12,290,000	0.84		1,397	25,467		483
2010	8,800	1,478,519		13,200,000	0.89		1,500	25,467		518
2011	8,624	1,491,410		11,605,000	0.78		1,346	25,291		459
2012	8,624	1,488,289		9,840,000	0.66		1,141	25,291		389
2013	8,624	1,481,591		8,688,200	0.59		1,007	25,291		344
2014	8,624	1,494,531		10,060,160	0.67		1,167	25,291		398
2015	8,624	1,510,188		9,302,880	0.62		1,079	25,291		368
2016	8,624	1,524,661		9,716,550	0.64		1,127	25,291		384
2017	8,624	1,524,661		9,716,550	0.64		1,127	25,291		384

^{*} Includes all long term general obligation debt excluding accrued vacation and sick leave. Certain school debt is reimbursed by the State of Mair

^{**} Includes estimated population for twelve months plus 100,000 seasonal population for two months.

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Years	Municipal						otal General xpenditures		
Ended	Principal Interest				Total		nd Transfers	ĺ	Ratio
21.404	- 1 1 1 1 1 1 p c 1), 001		10141		14 1141101010		itatio
2008	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 3	371,034	\$	1,521,034	\$	23,512,985		6.47
2009	1,299,946	4	126,983		1,726,929		24,106,607		7.16
2010	1,636,683	4	190,798		2,127,481		24,066,937		8.84
2011	1,653,861	5	500,529		2,154,390		23,986,218		8.98
2012 *	2,759,715	4	153,055		3,212,770		24,439,087		13.15
2013	1,151,800	3	80,901		1,532,701		24,237,913		6.32
2014 **	2,358,040	3	373,452		2,731,492		27,206,767		10.04
2015	757,280	3	318,831		1,076,111		26,818,175		4.01
2016	786,330	2	27,704		1,014,034		27,239,942		3.72
2017	788,590	2	296,857		1,085,447		27,100,643		4.01

^{*} Includes early payoff of 1998 bond issuance.

^{**} Includes early payoff of 2003 bond issuance.

TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Taxes		% of Net Tax Levy	
Central Maine Power	Utility	\$	270,425	1.12	
Sun Wild Acres	Resort		154,935	0.64	
Palace Playland Associates	Amusements		110,361	0.46	
Lafayette Old Orchard LLC	Resort		103,672	0.43	
MHC Pinehurst LLC	Resort		101,461	0.42	
Seagate Limited Partnership	Mobil Home Park		94,539	0.39	
Taurus Capital Group			93,773	0.39	
Alouette Atlantic Resorts LLC	Resort		92,740	0.38	
Sun Wagon Wheel RV LLC	Resort		75,479	0.31	
Birch Ridge Limited	Apartments		74,304	0.31	



Proven Expertise and Integrity

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Town Council
Town of Old Orchard Beach
Old Orchard Beach, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon December 13, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of North Berwick's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Old Orchard Beach's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Old Orchard Beach's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093 Tel: (800) 300-7708 (207) 929-4606 Fax: (207) 929-4609

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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Old Orchard Beach's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine

December 13, 2017

RHR Smith & Company